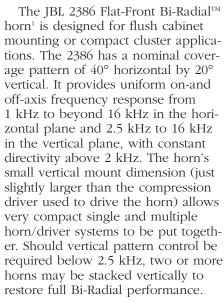


2386 Flat-Front Bi-Radial Horn

Professional Series

Key Features:

- ▶ 40° x 20° nominal dispersion
- ► Uniform horizontal on- and off-axis frequency response
- Precise horizontal and vertical pattern control
- ▶ Full horn loading to 400 Hz
- ► Flat front, compact size
- ► Lightweight construction
- ▶ 49 mm (2 in) throat entry



The exceptionally consistent horizontal dispersion eliminates the midrange narrowing and high frequency beaming problems typically associated with conventional horn designs. Additionally, the highly predictable performance of the 2386 greatly simplifies cluster design. The need for horn overlapping is minimized and lobing and comb filter effects are virtually eliminated.

Computer-aided design techniques were used to derive the horn contours in the horizontal and vertical planes. Utilizing sidewall contours based on a polynomial power series formula, the horn design yields smooth response, low distortion, and



even coverage. This design avoids the performance disadvantages of horns that feature sharp flare transitions and flat sidewalls. The Bi-Radial™ compound flare configuration provides constant coverage over defined, solid angles. To ensure lightweight, superior strength, and freedom from resonances, the horn bell is contructed of injection-molded, reinforced, solid polyurethane.

The 2386 will accept the 49 mm (2 in) diameter throat 2441, 2445, or 2482 compression driver. With the addition of the 2327 adapter, the horn will also accept the 25 mm (1 in) throat 2425 driver.

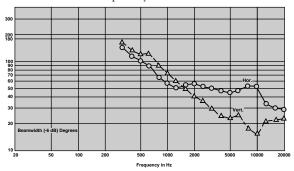
¹U.S. Patent No. 4,308,932. Foreign patents pending

Specifications:

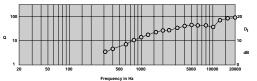
Nominal Coverage:	40° Horizontal x 20° Vertical
Nominal Coverage: Throw:	
	Long
Horizontal Coverage:	(# C 10 10
Angle Degrees (–6 dB):	45 (+12 –14)
Average Range:	1 kHz-16 kHz
Vertical Coverage:	
Angle Degrees (–6 dB):	25 (+11 –10)
Average Range:	2.5 kHz-16 kHz
Directivity Factor (Q):	44.9 (+38.2 –18.1)
Directivity Index (Di):	16.5 dB (+2.7 –2.2)
Average Range:	2 kHz-16 kHz
Throat Diameter:	49 mm (2 in)
Usable Low Frequency Limit:	350 Hz
Minimum Recommended	
Crossover Frequency:	400 Hz
Axial Pressure Sensitivity:	116 dB SPL, 1W @ 1 m
Construction:	Injection-molded reinforced high-density solid polyurethane [nominal 10 mm (0.38 in) wall thickness]
Color:	Black
Overall Dimensions:	
Mouth Height:	279 mm (11 in)
Mouth Width:	445 mm (17.5 in)
Length:	359 mm (14-%4 in)
	359 mm (14-%4 in)
Mounting Dimensions:	
	235 mm (9¼ in)
Mounting Dimensions: Rear Height: Rear Width:	235 mm (9¼ in) 400 mm (15% in)
Mounting Dimensions: Rear Height: Rear Width: Baffle Cutout Required:	235 mm (9¼ in) 400 mm (15% in) (Front mounting only)
Mounting Dimensions: Rear Height: Rear Width: Baffle Cutout Required: Height:	235 mm (9¼ in) 400 mm (15% in) (Front mounting only) 238 mm (9¾ in)
Mounting Dimensions: Rear Height: Rear Width: Baffle Cutout Required: Height: Width:	235 mm (9¼ in) 400 mm (15% in) (Front mounting only) 238 mm (9¾ in) 403 mm (15% in)
Mounting Dimensions: Rear Height: Rear Width: Baffle Cutout Required: Height:	235 mm (9¼ in) 400 mm (15% in) (Front mounting only) 238 mm (9¾ in)

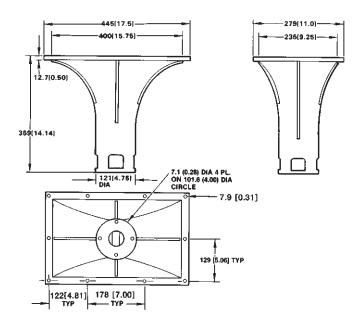
 $^{^{\}rm l}$ Measured on axis in the far field with 1 watt (4.0 VRMS, 16 ohms) input and referenced to 1 meter distance using the inverse square law. Listed sound pressure represents an average from 1 kHz to 4 kHz using the JBL Model 2441, 2445 or 2482 driver.

Beamwidth vs Frequency

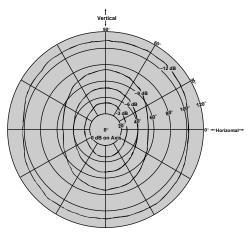


Directivity vs Frequency

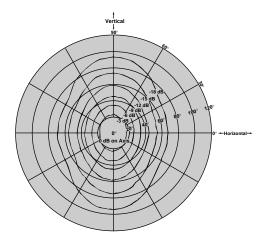




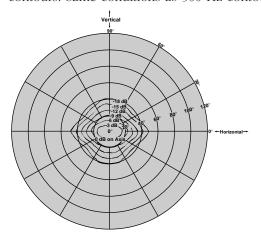
Frontal Isobar Contours



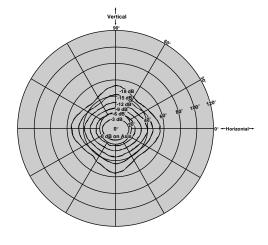
500 Hz octave bandwidth constant sound pressure contours of 0 to -18 dB in steps of -3 dB. The contours are plotted on polar grid lines with on axis being the center of the plot. The data was gathered by taking an octave polar plot at all oblique angles from 0° (horizontal) to 90° (vertical) in steps of 15°. Same test conditions as horizontal polar response.



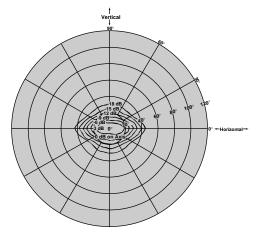
1 kHz octave bandwidth constant sound pressure contours. Same conditions as 500 Hz contours.



4 kHz octave bandwidth constant sound pressure contours. Same conditions as 500 Hz contours.

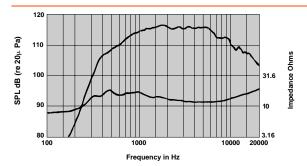


2 kHz octave bandwidth constant sound pressure contours. Same conditions as 500 Hz contours.

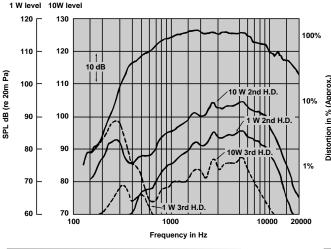


8 kHz octave bandwidth constant sound pressure contours. Same conditions as 500 Hz contours.

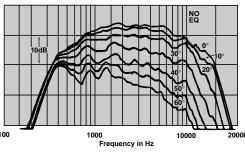
► 2386 Flat-Front Bi-Radial Horn

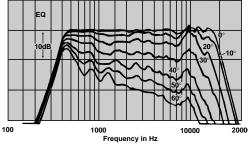


Frequency response and impedance. Frequency response of the 2386, measured on axis at a distance of 1 meter with 1 watt (4.0 V RMS) applied to JBL Model 2445 compression driver, in a reflection-free environment, with impedance vs. frequency curve.

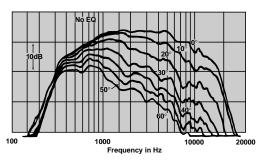


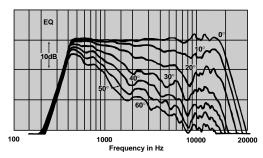
Harmonic distortion. Second and third harmonic distortion curves of the 2386 with 1 watt (4.0 V RMS) and 10 watts (12.65 V RMS) applied to the JBL Model 2445 compression driver. Measured on axis at a distance of 1 meter in a reflection-free environment.





Horizontal off-axis response. Horizontal off-axis response taken at 10 degree intervals out to 60° off axis. Both normalized (equalized flat on-axis) and unequalized responses are shown.





Vertical off-axis response. Vertical off-axis response taken at 10° intervals out to 60° off axis. Both normalized (equalized flat on-axis) and unequalized responses are shown.

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